

CGL 2018 Tier I

Q1.We had to decline several orders in case that the production was held up due to labour strike. CGL- 04/6/2019(Morning)

- (a) in case that (b) the production was held up
(c) due to labour strike (d) We had to decline

Q2.Cyclone Idai killed at least 157 people in Zimbabwe and Mozambique although it tore across Southern Africa.

CGL- 04/6/2019(Morning)

- (a) Cyclone Idai killed (b) it tore across
(c) although (d) at least 157 people

Q3.She got two quick promotions in order that she has good communication skills. CGL- 04/6/2019(Afternoon)

- (a) two quick promotions (b) she has good communication skills
(c) in order that (d) She got

Q4.Due to the Cyclone Idai vast areas of land have been flooded, roads destroyed and communications disrupting in Zimbabwe Mozambique. CGL- 04/6/2019(Afternoon)

- (a) vast areas of land have been flooded.
(b) and communications disrupting
(c) Due to the Cyclone idai
(d) roads destroyed

Q5.Torrential rains and winds of up to 170 km per hour swept away roads, homes and bridges and knocking down power and communication lines. CGL- 04/6/2019(Evening)

- (a) Knocking down (b) homes and bridges
(c) swept away roads (d) winds of upto

Q6.She lost a big order from a known showroom in case of her own carelessness. CGL- 04/6/2019(Evening)

- (a) in case of (b) her own carelessness
(c) She lost a big order (d) from a known showroom

Q7.Every employee of the company were given a two bedroom flat as Diwali bonus. CGL- 06/6/2019(Morning)

- (a) As Diwali bonus (b) A two bedroom flat
(c) Every employee (d) Were given

Q8.Cyclone Idai is regarded as one of the worst tropical Cyclone on record to affect Africa and the Southern Hemisphere as a whole. CGL- 06/6/2019(Morning)

- (a) Cyclone Idai is regarded (b) The worst tropical cyclone
(c) As a whole (d) To affect Africa

Q9.The street artist Satish Munjal has been painting this wall since the past one week. CGL- 06/6/2019(Afternoon)

- (a) has been painting (b) the street artist
(c) this wall (d) since the past one week

Q10.I know the cobbler which mends the shoes outside the gate of our colony. CGL- 06/6/2019(Afternoon)

- (a) I know the cobbler (b) the shoes
(c) which mends (d) outside the gate

Q11.We will rest for sometime when we will reach the top.

CGL- 06/6/2019(Evening)

- (a) We will rest (b) when we will
(c) reach the top (d) for sometime

Q12. The river Yamuna has many non-native species like goldfish that is affecting its ecosystem. CGL- 06/6/2019(Evening)

- (a) its ecosystem (b) The river Yamuna
(c) that is affecting (d) has many non-native species

Q13.Lodi Colony in Delhi is very different from other places in the city that is crowded and noisy. CGL- 07/6/2019(Morning)

- (a) is very different (b) from other places
(c) in the city (d) that is crowded and noisy.

Q14.She forgot lock the door when she went out in a hurry.

CGL- 07/6/2019(Morning)

- (a) in a hurry (b) She forgot lock
(c) the door when (d) she went out

Q15.Each of the girls have given an impressive dance performance. CGL- 07/6/2019(Afternoon)

- (a) have given (b) Each of the girls
(c) an impressive (d) dance performance

Q16.The Doon Valley with all its lights look beautiful at night from the top of the mountain. CGL- 07/6/2019(Afternoon)

- (a) look beautiful (b) from the top
(c) at night (d) with all its lights

Q17.The Japanese artist Yoh Nagao was busy splashing the wall from colours. CGL- 07/6/2019(Afternoon)

- (a) splashing the wall (b) was busy
(c) from colours (d) The Japanese artist

Q18.If so many catches had not being dropped, we could have won the match. CGL- 07/6/2019(Evening)

- (a) If so many catches (b) had not being dropped
(c) won the match (d) we could have

Q19.Most disputes can be solved amicably unless one are not rigid. CGL- 10/6/2019(Morning)

- (a) Most disputes (b) can be solved amicably
(c) unless one are (d) not rigid

Q20.In the Northern suburbs of Bengaluru, home to the bulk of the information technology industry, the water crisis is even worst. CGL- 10/6/2019(Morning)

- (a) home to the bulk of (b) is even worst
(c) the water crisis (d) In the Northern suburbs

Q21.No sooner did he see the tiger when he ran as fast as he could. CGL- 10/6/2019(Afternoon)

- (a) no sooner did (b) he see the tiger
(c) when he ran (d) as fast as he could

Q22.The match is about to begin since the captain as well as the team are on the field. CGL- 10/6/2019(Afternoon)

- (a) are on the field (b) The match is about to begin
(c) since the captain (d) as well as the team

Q23.Supriya asked Kiran that where had her mother gone when the results of the contest were being declared.

CGL- 10/6/2019(Evening)

- (a) that where had her mother gone (b) Supriya asked Kiran
(c) were being declared (d) when the results of the contest

Q24.On the way he was bited on his toe by a poisonous snake.

CGL- 10/6/2019(Evening)

- (a) On the way (b) he was bited

- (c) on his toe (d) by a poisonous snake
- Q25.** There isn't many rice left in the house so we must replenish our stock soon. CGL- 11/6/2019(Morning)
 (a) our stock soon (b) so we must replenish
 (c) There isn't many rice (d) left in the house
- Q26.** Ten kilometers are a long distance to cover on foot for a child. CGL- 11/6/2019(Morning)
 (a) Ten kilometers are (b) to cover on foot
 (c) a long distance (d) for a child
- Q27.** The length of a male swallow's tail reveal his attractiveness for a female swallow. CGL- 11/6/2019(Afternoon)
 (a) The length of (b) a male swallow's tail reveal
 (c) a female swallow (d) his attractiveness for
- Q28.** My father dissuaded me to try for a job as he wanted me to pursue higher studies. CGL- 11/6/2019(Afternoon)
 (a) as he wanted me (b) My father dissuaded me
 (c) to pursue higher studies (d) to try for a job
- Q29.** He is more smarter than his brother, though he does not earn much money. CGL- 11/6/2019(Evening)
 (a) than his brother (b) He is more smarter
 (c) much money (d) though he does not earn
- Q30.** The child along with his parents were waiting for the programme to begin. CGL- 11/6/2019(Evening)
 (a) along with his parents (b) were waiting for the
 (c) The child (d) programme to begin
- Q31.** Not complying by any of the laws can land you into serious trouble. CGL- 12/6/2019(Morning)
 (a) Not complying by (b) any of the laws
 (c) into serious trouble (d) can land you
- Q32.** Raja Ravi Varma was one of the first artist who tried to create a style that was both modern and traditional. CGL- 12/6/2019(Morning)
 (a) Raja Ravi Varma was (b) both modern and traditional
 (c) to create a style that was (d) one of the first artist
- Q33.** The reduction in the cost of education due to an increase in subsidies offer by the government is also seen as a reason to get more educated. CGL- 12/6/2019(Afternoon)
 (a) The reduction in the cost of education
 (b) is also seen as a reason
 (c) offer by the government
 (d) due to an increase in subsidies
- Q34.** "Unless you did not do your homework you will be punished," said the teacher. CGL- 12/6/2019(Afternoon)
 (a) said the teacher. (b) do your homework
 (c) you will be punished (d) unless you did not
- Q35.** There is many modes of travel to go to Agra but I prefer road travel. CGL- 12/6/2019(Evening)
 (a) prefer road travel (b) Agra but I
 (c) to go to (d) There is many modes
- Q36.** Having just taking a heavy lunch, she was not ready to have any fruit. CGL- 12/6/2019(Evening)
 (a) to have any fruit (b) taking a heavy

- (c) Having just (d) she was not ready
- Q37.** The cost of fruits and vegetables have risen abnormally this month CGL- 13/6/2019(Morning)
 (a) abnormally (b) The cost of
 (c) have risen (d) this month
- Q38.** Cows are amongst the gentlest of animals; none shows more passionate tenderness towards their young. CGL- 13/6/2019(Morning)
 (a) none shows more (b) towards their young
 (c) the gentlest of animals (d) Cows are amongst
- Q39.** Although there are more than a hundred known elements, they rarely occur at a pure state. CGL- 13/6/2019(Afternoon)
 (a) more than a hundred (b) Although there are
 (c) at a pure state (d) they rarely occur
- Q40.** You may left the class when you have completed the test. CGL- 13/6/2019(Afternoon)
 (a) the class (b) when you have
 (c) completed the test (d) You may left
- Q41.** Entering the hall, the show had started.
 (a) had started (b) the show
 (c) Entering (d) the hall
- Q42.** "I done a lot of work today," she said. CGL- 13/6/2019(Evening)
 (a) a lot of (b) she said
 (c) I done (d) work today

Solutions:-

- Sol.1.** (a) We can't use 'in case' with 'that'. Hence, 'we had to decline several orders because the production' will be answer. /in case और that का प्रयोग एक साथ नहीं होता है। इसलिए 'we had to decline several orders because the production' का प्रयोग होगा।
- Sol.2.** (c) Although is wrong conjunction according to the context of the sentence. Hence, 'as' will be answer. because 'as' is used to show the reason./Although के स्थान पर as का प्रयोग करें। as किसी चीज़ का कारण बताने के लिए प्रयोग किया जाता है।
- Sol.3.** (c) 'Because' means 'for the reason that'. However, the phrase 'in order that' will be replaced by 'because' to make the sentence grammatically correct. Hence, 'because' will be answer./in order that का अर्थ होता है ताकि और because का प्रयोग कारण बताने के लिए किया जाता है यहाँ इस वाक्य में दो प्रमोशन देने का कारण बताया जा रहा है इसलिए because का प्रयोग होगा।
- Sol.4.** (b) The given sentence is in past simple tense so it will have a verb in its past form(disrupted) and not in the present continuous form(disrupting). Hence, 'communications disrupted' will be answer./वाक्य past tense में हैं (flooded, destroyed) इसलिए communications disrupted' उपयुक्त उत्तर होगा। सभी verbs past tense में होंगे।
- Sol.5.** (a) The given sentence is in past simple tense so it will have a verb in its past simple form(knocked) and not in the present continuous form(knocking). Hence, 'knocked down' will be answer./दिया गया वाक्य past tense (swept) में है इसलिए knocking शब्द का प्रयोग सही नहीं है knocked down का प्रयोग होगा।

Sol.6.(a)The phrase 'in case of' should be replaced by conjunction(which shows reason) to make the sentence contextually correct. Because as a conjunction means 'for the reason that'. Hence, 'because' will be answer./ in case of का प्रयोग गलत है , in case of एक काल्पनिक situation के लिए होता है यहां पर इस वाक्य में आर्डर खो जाने का कारण बताना है इसलिए because शब्द का प्रयोग सही होगा ।

Sol.7.(d) According to the "Subject-Verb Agreement rule", a singular subject takes a singular verb and a plural subject takes a plural verb. In the given question, 'an employee' is a singular subject and will take 'was' as a singular verb. Hence, 'was given' will be answer./ "Subject verb agreement " के अनुसार, एक वचन subject के साथ एक वचन क्रिया लगती है और एक बहुवचन subject एक बहुवचन क्रिया लगती है। Every employee के साथ एक वचन क्रिया का प्रयोग होगा इसलिए was का प्रयोग सही रहेगा।

Sol.8(b) According to the "Subject-Verb Agreement rule", "One of/ Each of/ Most of + Plural Subject + Singular Verb" is grammatically the correct structure. In the given question, Cyclone is the subject that should be written in plural form. Hence, 'the worst tropical cyclones' will be answer./ One of/ Each of/ Most of के बाद Plural noun/Pronoun/subject का प्रयोग होता है । परन्तु क्रिया एक वचन होगी । Cyclone के स्थान पर cyclones होगा ।

Sol.9.(d)For refers to a period of time for example for 2 years, 4 weeks, 3 days, etc. In the given question, the period of time is 7 days. Hence, 'for' will be answer./यहाँ पर कुल समय की अवधि बताई जा रही है (past one week) इसलिए for का प्रयोग होगा ।

Sol.10.(c)A cobbler is a person who mends or makes shoes. However, we use 'who' for living things and 'which' for non-living things. Hence, 'who mends' will be answer./हम जीवित के लिए 'who' का उपयोग करते हैं और गैर-जीवित चीजों के लिए 'which' का उपयोग करते हैं + यहाँ cobbler एक व्यक्ति है तो who का प्रयोग होगा ।

Sol.11.(b)If two actions are happening in the future, the first action must be in the present tense and the second action must be in the future tense. Similarly in the given question, reaching the top is the first action and resting for some time is subsequently the second action. Hence, 'we will rest(future tense) for sometime when we reach(present tense) the top' is answer./यदि भविष्य में दो कार्य हो रहे हैं, तो पहली क्रिया वर्तमान काल (present tense) में होनी चाहिए और दूसरी क्रिया भविष्य काल (simple future tense) में होनी चाहिए। इस वाक्य में we will reach the top के स्थान पर we reach the top का प्रयोग होगा ।

Sol.12.(c) According to the "Subject-Verb Agreement rule", a singular subject takes a singular verb and a plural subject takes a plural verb. In the given question, 'many species' is a plural subject so it will take 'are' as a plural verb. Hence, 'that are affecting its ecosystem' will be answer./"Subject verb agreement " के अनुसार, एक वचन subject के साथ एक वचन क्रिया लगती है और एक बहुवचन subject एक बहुवचन क्रिया लगती है। इस वाक्य में subject - many non native species है जो की plural है इसलिए are का प्रयोग होगा is का नहीं ।

Sol.13.(d) According to the "Subject-Verb Agreement rule", a singular subject takes a singular verb and a plural subject takes a plural verb. In the given question, 'places' is a plural subject

so it will take 'are' as a plural verb. Hence, 'that are crowded and noisy' will be answer./"Subject verb agreement " के अनुसार, एक वचन subject के साथ एक वचन क्रिया लगती है और एक बहुवचन subject एक बहुवचन क्रिया लगती है। दिए गए प्रश्न में, 'places' बहुवचन है इसलिए बहुवचन क्रिया का प्रयोग किया जाएगा। इसलिए are का प्रयोग होगा is का नहीं ।

Sol.14.(b)We will use the infinitive 'to' after 'forgot' to make the given sentence grammatically correct. Hence, 'she forgot to lock the door' will be answer./ she forgot to lock the door- का प्रयोग किया जाएगा।

Sol.15.(a)According to the "Subject-Verb Agreement rule", "One of/ Each of/ Most of + Plural Subject + Singular Verb" is grammatically the correct structure. In the given question, the verb should be written in the singular form. Hence, 'has given' will be answer./"One of/ Each of/ Most of के बाद Plural noun/Pronoun/subject का प्रयोग होता है । परन्तु क्रिया एक वचन होगी,इसलिए have के स्थान पर has का प्रयोग होगा ।

Sol.16.(a) According to the 'Subject-Verb Agreement rule', "Subject(1st) + with/ along with/ together with/ as well as + Subject(2nd) + Verb" is grammatically the correct structure. However, the verb should be supplied according to the first subject. In the given question, the 1st subject(The Doon Valley) is in the singular form so it will take 'looks' as a singular verb. Hence, 'looks beautiful' will be answer./Subject(1st) + with/ along with/ together with/ as well as + Subject(2nd) verb पहले subject के अनुसार होगी ।दिए गए प्रश्न में, पहला विषय (Doon Valley) एकवचन में है, इसलिए एक वचन क्रिया (looks) का प्रयोग होगा ।

Sol.17.(c)The preposition 'from' should be removed to make the sentence grammatically correct. However, someone splashes something 'with' colors not 'from' colors. Hence, 'with colors' will be answer./Preposition from के स्थान पर with का प्रयोग करें ।

Sol.18.(b)"Had + V (3rd form of the verb)" is grammatically the correct structure for the given sentence which is in the past perfect tense. Hence, 'had not been dropped' will be answer./"had+ verb (3rd form) वाक्य के लिए सही sentence structure है । इसलिए, 'had not been dropped' उपयुक्त उत्तर होगा।

Sol.19.(c) According to the "Subject-Verb Agreement rule", a singular subject takes a singular verb and a plural subject takes a plural verb. However, we use 'one' as a singular subject and 'ones' as a plural subject so, in the given question, one will take 'is as a singular verb. Furthermore, 'Unless' cannot be used with a negative word like no, not, never, etc. in a sentence because it becomes a case of superfluousness (not necessary). Hence, 'unless one is rigid' will be answer./"Subject verb agreement " के अनुसार, एक वचन subject के साथ एक वचन क्रिया लगती है और एक बहुवचन subject एक बहुवचन क्रिया लगती है। one एकवचन है और ones बहुवचन है । इसके अलावा,, Unless 'एक negative शब्द है इसके साथ not का प्रयोग नहीं होता है, इसलिए unless one is rigid सही है

Sol.20.(b)We use 'even' when we are comparing things or to make the comparison stronger and for doing a comparison, we use a comparative degree. Worse is a comparative degree of bad. Hence, 'is even worse' will be answer./इस वाक्य में तुलना हो रही है तो comparative degree के adjective का प्रयोग होगा, worse comparative degree का adjective है इसलिए even worse का प्रयोग होगा।

Sol.21.(c) “No sooner ___ than” is a fixed conjunction pair. Hence, ‘than he ran’ will be answer../ No sooner के साथ than का प्रयोग होता है इसलिए than he ran सही होगा ।

Sol.22.(a) According to the ‘Subject-Verb Agreement rule’, “Subject(1st) + with/ along with/ together with/ as well as + Subject(2nd) + Verb” is grammatically the correct structure. However, the verb should be supplied according to the first subject. In the given question, the 1st subject(Captain) is in the singular form so it will take ‘is’ as a singular verb. Hence, ‘is on the field’ will be answer../“Subject verb agreement ” के अनुसार, एक वचन subject के साथ एक वचन क्रिया लगती है और एक बहुवचन subject एक बहुवचन क्रिया लगती है । Subject(1st) + with/ along with/ together with/ as well as + Subject(2nd) जहाँ पर जोड़ने वाले शब्द हों वहाँ क्रिया पहले subject के अनुसार होगी । यहाँ 1st subject captain है तो क्रिया एक वचन होगी ।

Sol.23.(a)If an interrogative sentence(in which a question is asked) is written in the indirect form, then it is incorrect to write ‘asked’ and ‘that’ together because “asked + object + Wh-word(why, when, where)” is grammatically the correct structure for these types of sentences. Hence, ‘Supriya asked Kiran where had’ will be answer../यह एक interrogative sentence है इसे indirect speech में लिखा गया है ऐसे वाक्यों में केवल interrogative शब्द का प्रयोग किया जाता है that का प्रयोग नहीं किया जाता है इसलिए ‘Supriya asked Kiran where had.....’सही वाक्य होगा ।

Sol.24.(b)The given sentence is in past tense so the verb should also be in the past simple form(bitten). However, the past form of ‘bite’ is ‘bitten’. Hence, ‘he was bitten’ will be answer../वाक्य past tense में है , bite का past tense bitten है तो bitten का प्रयोग होगा।

Sol.25.(c)‘Many’ is used for countable nouns and ‘much’ is used for uncountable nouns. However, rice, milk, water, etc, are some uncountable nouns. Hence, ‘there isn’t much rice will be answer../Rice uncountable noun है, और uncountable noun के साथ much का प्रयोग होता है many का प्रयोग countable के साथ होता है ।

Sol.26.(a)The amount, Time, Distance, etc are considered as singular units and singular verbs are used for them. For example, that hundred rupee note is mine, I feel a six-hour-long journey is exhausting for me, etc. Hence, ‘ten kilometers is a long distance’ will be answer../एक निश्चित राशि, समय, दूरी आदि को एक इकाई (one unit) माना जाता है और उनके साथ एकवचन क्रिया का उपयोग किया जाता है।इसलिए ten kilometers को one unit मानकर इसके साथ singular verb (is) का प्रयोग किया जाएगा ।

Sol.27.(b)According to the “Subject-Verb Agreement rule”, a singular subject takes a singular verb and a plural subject takes a plural verb. In the given question, ‘ the length’ will be considered as a singular unit so it will take ‘reveals’ as a singular verb. Hence, ‘ a male swallow’s tail reveals’ will be answer../दिए गए प्रश्न में, ‘the length’ को singular माना जाएगा, इसलिए एक वचन क्रिया का प्रयोग होगा ,इसलिए, ‘a male swallow’s tail reveals’ उपयुक्त उत्तर होगा।

Sol.28.(d) Dissuade means to convince someone to not to do something. However, the correct preposition after ‘dissuaded is ‘from’. Hence, ‘my father dissuaded me from trying a job’ will be answer../ Dissuade का अर्थ है किसी को कुछ न करने के लिए मनाना।

Dissuade के साथ सही preposition from लगती है । ‘my father dissuaded me from trying a job’सही वाक्य होगा ।

Sol.29.(b) When we do a comparison between two things, we don’t use ‘more’ with a comparative degree (smarter) because it becomes a case of superfluousness(not necessary). Hence, ‘he is smarter than his brother’ will be answer../जब हम दो चीजों के बीच तुलना करते हैं, तो हम comparative degree के साथ ‘more’ का उपयोग नहीं करते हैं क्योंकि यह superfluous(अनावश्यक) बन जाता है। इसलिए, ‘he is smarter than his brother’ सही वाक्य होगा।

Sol.30.(b) According to the ‘Subject-Verb Agreement rule’, “Subject(1st) + with/ along with/ together with/ as well as + Subject(2nd) + Verb” is grammatically the correct structure. However, the verb should be supplied according to the first subject. In the given question, the 1st subject(the Child) is in the singular form so it will take ‘was’ as a singular verb. Hence, ‘was waiting for the’ will be answer../“Subject verb agreement ” के अनुसार, एक वचन subject के साथ एक वचन क्रिया लगती है और एक बहुवचन subject एक बहुवचन क्रिया लगती है । Subject(1st) + with/ along with/ together with/ as well as + Subject(2nd) जहाँ पर जोड़ने वाले शब्द हों वहाँ क्रिया पहले subject के अनुसार होगी । यहाँ 1st subject child है तो क्रिया एक वचन होगी ।‘was waiting for the’ सही वाक्य होगा।

Sol.31.(a) Comply means to obey an order or request. However, comply takes a fixed preposition ‘with’. Hence, ‘not complying with’ will be answer../Comply का अर्थ है -अनुपालन (किसी आदेश या अनुरोध का पालन करना)।Comply के साथ preposition with का प्रयोग किया जाता है not complying with सही होगा।

Sol.32.(d) According to the “Subject-Verb Agreement rule”, “One of/ Each of/ Most of + Plural Subject + Singular Verb” is grammatically the correct structure. In the given question, the subject(artist) should be written in the plural form. Hence, ‘one of the first artists’ will be answer../“One of/ Each of/ Most of के बाद Plural noun/Pronoun/subject का प्रयोग होता है ।परन्तु क्रिया एक वचन होगी,इसलिए one of the first artist के स्थान पर one of the first artists का प्रयोग होगा

Sol.33.(c) According to the context of the given sentence, the past participle form of the verb(offer) will be used to make it grammatically correct. Hence, ‘offered by the government’ will be answer../ दिए गए वाक्य के संदर्भ के अनुसार, simple past tense का उपयोग होगा , offer के स्थान पर offered होगा । इसलिए, ‘offered by the government’ का प्रयोग होगा।

Sol.34.(d) According to the context of the given sentence, a condition is given and for a conditional statement we use ‘If’ instead of ‘unless’. Hence, ‘If you do not do your homework, you will be punished’ will be answer../दिए गए वाक्य के संदर्भ के अनुसार, एक condition दी गई है और conditional statement में हम ‘unless’ के बजाय ‘if’ का उपयोग करते हैं। इसलिए, ‘If you do not do your homework, you will be punished’ सही होगा।

Sol.35.(d)According to the “Subject-Verb Agreement rule”, a singular subject takes a singular verb and a plural subject takes a plural verb. In the given question, ‘modes of travel’ is a plural subject and it will take ‘are’ as a plural verb. Hence, ‘there are many modes’ will be answer../दिए गए प्रश्न में, “modes of travel”

बहुवचन है इसलिए बहुवचन क्रिया का प्रयोग 'होगा'। इसलिए, 'there are many modes' सही होगा।

Sol.36.(b) The given sentence is in past tense so it will have a verb in its past simple form(took) and not in the present continuous form(taking). However, V (3rd form of the verb)(past participle form of verb, taken) will be used after 'Having' to make the sentence grammatically correct. Hence, 'having just taken' will be answer./ दिया गया वाक्य simple past में है, इसलिए क्रिया past participle form (took) में होगी और having के बाद past participle form of verb (taken) का प्रयोग होगा। इसलिए, 'having just taken' सही होगा।

Sol.37.(c) According to the "Subject-Verb Agreement rule", a singular subject takes a singular verb and a plural subject takes a plural verb. In the given question, 'cost' is a singular subject that will take 'has' as a singular verb. Hence, 'has risen' will be answer./ "Subject verb agreement" के अनुसार, एक वचन subject के साथ एक वचन क्रिया लगती है और एक बहुवचन subject एक बहुवचन क्रिया लगती है। दिए गए प्रश्न में, 'cost' subject है जो एकवचन है इसलिए एकवचन क्रिया (has) का प्रयोग होगा। इसलिए, "has risen" सही होगा।

Sol.38.(a) 'None' takes both singular or plural verbs depending upon the condition in the sentence. When it means 'not one, it takes a singular verb but it takes a plural verb when it means 'not any'. However, none is used for three or more subjects. In the given sentence, none is used for 'cows' (three or more) so it will take 'show' as a plural verb. Hence, 'none show more' will be answer./ 'None' वाक्य के अनुसार एकवचन या बहुवचन क्रियाओं का प्रयोग करता है। जब इसका मतलब 'एक भी नहीं है, तो एक वचन क्रिया का प्रयोग होता है। और बहुवचन क्रिया का प्रयोग होता है जब इसका अर्थ है 'कोई नहीं'। दिए गए वाक्य में, (गायों (तीन या अधिक) के लिए बहुवचन क्रिया का प्रयोग होगा। इसलिए, none show more सही होगा।

Sol.39.(c) 'In' as a preposition is also used to show the condition or state of somebody/something. For example, he is in poor health. The given question tells about the pure state of some elements. Hence, 'occur in a pure state' will be answer./ In का प्रयोग किसी व्यक्ति या वस्तु की स्थिति दिखाने के लिए उपयोग किया जाता है। इसलिए, 'occur in a pure state' सही होगा।

Sol.40.(d) The given sentence is in the present tense so it will have a verb in its present form(leave) and not in the past simple form(left). Hence, 'you may leave' will be answer./ दिया गया वाक्य Present tense में है इसलिए present tense (leave) की क्रिया लगेगी। इसलिए, 'you may leave' सही होगा।

Sol.41.(c) There are two incidents of the past and one of them happened before the other one. "By the time + Verb 2nd form, Had + V (3rd form of the verb)," is grammatically the correct structure for the given sentence. Hence, 'by the time I/we entered the hall, the show had started' will be answer./ जब दो घटनाएं अतीत में होती हैं तो हम पहले होने वाली घटना के लिए past perfect tense {Had + verb (3rd form)} का उपयोग करते हैं। जो घटना बाद में हुई है यानी दूसरी घटना उसके लिए हम past indefinite tense का प्रयोग करते हैं (verb in the 2nd form)।

/"By the time + Verb 2nd form, Had + V (3rd form of the verb)" वाक्य के लिए सही संरचना है। इसलिए, 'by the time I/we entered the hall, the show had started' सही होगा।

Sol.42.(c) The given sentence is talking about some work that is completed for the day so it will take the past simple form of the

verb(did). Hence, 'I did a lot of work' will be answer./ दिए गए वाक्य में हम किसी काम के बारे में बात कर रहे हैं जो पूरा हो गया है इसलिए क्रिया simple past tense की होगी। इसलिए, 'I did a lot of work' सही होगा।

CGL 2019 TIER I

Q43. One of the boys from our school have been selected for National Badminton Championship. CGL, 03/3/2020(Morning)

- (a) have been selected
(b) One of the boys
(c) from our school
(d) for National Badminton Championship.

Q44. I can swim very fast when I was only five. CGL, 03/3/2020(Morning)

- (a) very fast (b) only five
(c) I can swim (d) when I was

Q45. The modern man is busy acquiring more and more wealth and designing ways to invest it in more sense pleasures.

- (a) designing ways to invest it
(b) in more sense pleasures
(c) modern man is busy
(d) acquiring more and more wealth

Q46. The Prime Minister, along with the other ministers have left for America. CGL, 03/3/2020(Afternoon)

- (a) for America (b) The Prime Minister, along with
(c) have left (d) the other ministers

Q47. Deepa walked down the road slowly without looking anybody. CGL, 03/3/2020(Evening)

- (a) Deepa walked (b) down the road
(c) looking anybody (d) slowly without

Q48. Everything that I like to eat are fattening. CGL, 03/3/2020(Evening)

- (a) to eat (b) are fattening
(c) I like (d) Everything that

Q49. The boy which stole the money was caught by the police. CGL, 04/3/2020(Morning)

- (a) was caught (b) The boy which
(c) stole the money (d) by the police

Q50. Saraswati college has maintained its reputation as one of the best college in the country. CGL, 04/3/2020(Morning)

- (a) Saraswati college has maintained (b) its reputation as
(c) in the country (d) one of the best college

Q51. Those who follow a healthy routine is likely enjoying good health. CGL, 04/3/2020 (Afternoon)

- (a) good health (b) a healthy routine
(c) is likely enjoying (d) Those who follow

Q52. When I reached the cinema hall, the movie had already began. CGL, 04/3/2020 (Afternoon)

- (a) already began (b) the movie had
(c) When I reached (d) the cinema hall

Q53. I am believing you have submitted all the necessary documents. CGL, 04/3/2020 (Evening)

- (a) I am believing (b) necessary documents

(c) you have submitted (d) all the

Q54. No sooner did we receive your message when we heaved a sigh of relief. CGL, 04/3/2020 (Evening)

- (a) did we receive (b) a sigh of relief
(c) your message (d) when we heaved

Q55. Modern man is completely engrossed in the mad pursuit of material pleasures and luxuries. CGL, 05/3/2020 (Morning)

- (a) completely engrossed (b) Modern man is
(c) material pleasures and luxuries (d) mad pursuit of

Q56. My brother, who lived in Delhi, has written me a letter. CGL, 05/3/2020 (Morning)

- (a) who live in Delhi (b) has written
(c) me a letter (d) My brother

Q57. No less than fifty participants were present for the singing competition. CGL, 05/3/2020 (Afternoon)

- (a) the singing competition (b) present for
(c) No less than (d) fifty participants

Q58. The old man did not want to eat any food. CGL, 05/3/2020 (Afternoon)

- (a) The old man (b) any food
(c) did not want (d) to eat

Q59. Lucy has already cut the cake when we reached the party hall. CGL, 05/3/2020 (Evening)

- (a) cut the cake (b) the party hall
(c) Lucy has already (d) when we reached

Q60. One of the greatest responsibilities of a scientist is that his discoveries and inventions are utilized to the overall development of the nation. CGL, 05/3/2020 (Evening)

- (a) are utilized to the overall
(b) One of the greatest responsibilities of a scientist
(c) is that his discoveries and inventions
(d) development of the nation

Q61. Those who are late they will not be allowed inside the classroom. CGL, 06/3/2020 (Morning)

- (a) Those who are late (b) they will not be allowed
(c) inside the classroom (d) No error

Q62. Everyone except she have travelled by air.

- (a) she have (b) Everyone except
(c) No error (d) travelled by air

Q63. We had a long discussion at a cup of coffee. CGL, 06/3/2020 (Afternoon)

- (a) We had (b) of coffee
(c) at a cup (d) a long discussion

Q64. The both children go to the same school. CGL, 06/3/2020 (Afternoon)

- (a) children go (b) The both
(c) to the (d) same school

Q65. All employees of the National Sugar Factory differ from their boss on the medical and pension policy.

- CGL, 06/3/2020 (Evening)
(a) All employees (b) on the medical and pension policy
(c) of the National Sugar Factory (d) differ from their boss

Q66. She behaves in a such a cordial manner that everyone admires her. CGL, 06/3/2020 (Evening)

- (a) that everyone (b) such a cordial manner
(c) She behaves in a (d) admires her

Q67. The famous author and actor are being honoured at a function today CGL, 07/3/2020 (Morning)

- (a) at a function today (b) The famous author and actor
(c) No error (d) are being honoured

Q68. He married with a rich heiress last year. CGL, 07/3/2020 (Morning)

- (a) with a rich heiress (b) No error
(c) He married (d) last year

Q69. The present what I buy for you yesterday was very expensive. CGL, 07/3/2020 (Afternoon)

- (a) what I buy (b) for you yesterday
(c) The present (d) was very expensive

Q70. He went to work but returned back immediately. CGL, 07/3/2020 (Afternoon)

- (a) but returned back (b) immediately
(c) He went (d) to work

Q71. Plenty of information were given to me at the tourist office. CGL, 07/3/2020 (Evening)

- (a) No error (b) were given to me
(c) at the tourist office (d) Plenty of information

Q72. As a little child she was afraid from darkness. CGL, 07/3/2020 (Evening)

- (a) She was afraid (b) As a little child
(c) No error (d) from darkness

Q73. If a few drops of lemon are put in the milk, it has turned sour. CGL, 09/3/2020 (Morning)

- (a) drops of lemon (b) If a few
(c) it has turned sour (d) are put in the milk

Q74. Mohan did not went to school yesterday as he was unwell. CGL, 09/3/2020 (Morning)

- (a) went to school (b) yesterday as he
(c) Mohan did not (d) was unwell

Q75. We must get this post send as soon as possible. CGL, 09/3/2020 (afternoon)

- (a) We must (b) get this post
(c) soon as possible (d) send as

Q76. Sita has no taste in classical dance. CGL, 09/3/2020 (afternoon)

- (a) classical dance (b) in
(c) no taste (d) Sita has

Q77. The big ship sank and everyone abroad drowned. CGL, 09/3/2020 (Evening)

- (a) sank (b) and everyone
(c) The big ship (d) abroad drowned.

Q78. It's raining heavily, so you should take an umbrella, but you will get wet. CGL 09/3/2020 (Evening)

- (a) It's raining heavily (b) should take an umbrella
(c) but you will get wet (d) so you

Solutions:-

Sol.43.(a) According to the “Subject-Verb Agreement rule”, “One of/Each of/None of + Plural Subject + Singular Verb” is grammatically the correct structure for the given sentence. However, the sentence will have a singular verb(has). Hence, ‘has been selected’ will be answer./ “One of/ Each of/ Most of के बाद Plural noun/Pronoun/subject का प्रयोग होता है। परन्तु क्रिया एक वचन होगी। इसलिए has का प्रयोग होगा। “has been selected” सही होगा।

Sol.44.(c) ‘I can swim’ should be replaced with ‘I could swim’ because the sentence is in the past tense and ‘Could’ is used for the past tense./ Can के स्थान पर could होगा क्योंकि वाक्य past tense में है।

Sol.45.(b) The word ‘sense’ is incorrect according to the context of the sentence so it will be replaced by ‘sensuous’ which means relating to or providing pleasure through gratification of the senses, for the sake of aesthetic pleasure. Hence, ‘in more sensuous pleasures’ will be answer./ Sense एक noun है परन्तु यहाँ adjective का प्रयोग होगा तो sensuous का प्रयोग होगा। इसलिए ‘in more sensuous pleasures’ का प्रयोग होगा।

Sol.46.(c) According to the ‘Subject-Verb Agreement rule’, “Subject(1st) + with/ along with/ together with/ as well as + Subject(2nd) + Verb” is grammatically the correct structure. However, the verb should be supplied according to the first subject. In the given question, the 1st subject(Prime minister) is in the singular form so it will take ‘has’ as a singular verb. Hence, ‘Has left’ will be answer./ “Subject verb agreement” के अनुसार, एक वचन subject के साथ एक वचन क्रिया लगती है और एक बहुवचन subject एक बहुवचन क्रिया लगती है। Subject(1st) + with/ along with/ together with/ as well as + Subject(2nd) जहाँ पर जोड़ने वाले शब्द हों वहाँ क्रिया पहले subject के अनुसार होगी। यहाँ 1st subject prime minister है तो क्रिया एक वचन होगी। Has left सही होगा।

Sol.47.(c) ‘Look at’ means to direct your eyes towards someone or something so that you can see them Hence, ‘looking at anybody’ will be answer./ look at का अर्थ है अपनी आंखों को किसी व्यक्ति या किसी चीज़ की ओर निर्देशित करना ताकि आप उन्हें देख सकें, इसलिए, “looking at anybody” सही होगा।

Sol.48.(b) According to the “Subject-Verb Agreement rule”, a singular subject takes a singular verb and a plural subject takes a plural verb. In the given question, ‘everything’ is a singular subject which will take ‘is’ as a singular verb. Hence, ‘is fattening’ will be answer./ “Subject verb agreement” के अनुसार, एक वचन subject के साथ एक वचन क्रिया लगती है और एक बहुवचन subject एक बहुवचन क्रिया लगती है। Everything एक वचन है तो एक वचन क्रिया (is) लगेगी। “is fattening” सही होगा।

Sol.49.(b) ‘Who’ should replace ‘which’ because the relative pronoun ‘which’ is used for non-living things’ and ‘Who’ is used for living things(the boy in the given sentence). Hence, ‘the boy who’ will be answer./ हम जीवित के लिए ‘who’ का उपयोग करते हैं और गैर-जीवित चीजों के लिए ‘which’ का उपयोग करते हैं यहाँ boy एक व्यक्ति है तो who का प्रयोग होगा।

Sol.50.(d) According to the “Subject-Verb Agreement rule”, “One of/Each of/None of + Plural Subject + Singular Verb” is

grammatically the correct structure for the given sentence. Hence, ‘One of the best colleges(Plural subject)’ will be answer./ “One of/ Each of/ Most of के बाद Plural noun/Pronoun/subject का प्रयोग होता है। “one of the best colleges” सही होगा।

Sol.51. (c) According to the “Subject-Verb Agreement rule”, a singular subject takes a singular verb and a plural subject takes a plural verb. In the given question, ‘those’ is a plural phrase that will take ‘are’ as a plural verb. Hence, ‘are likely to enjoy’ will be answer./ “Subject verb agreement” के अनुसार, एक वचन subject के साथ एक वचन क्रिया लगती है और एक बहुवचन subject एक बहुवचन क्रिया लगती है। Those बहुवचन है इसलिए are का प्रयोग होगा। “are likely to enjoy” सही होगा।

Sol.52. (a) When two actions take place in the past we use the past perfect tense(had + Verb in the 3rd form) for the action which took place first and the simple past tense(Verb in the 2nd form) for the action which takes place next. In the given sentence, the start of the movie is the first action & reaching the hall is the second action. However, ‘began’ is the V (3rd form of the verb) form of ‘began’. Hence, ‘already begun’ will be answer./ जब दो घटनाएं अतीत में होती हैं तो हम पहले होने वाली घटना के लिए past perfect tense {Had + verb (3rd form)} का उपयोग करते हैं। जो घटना बाद में हुई है यानी दूसरी घटना उसके लिए हम past indefinite tense का प्रयोग करते हैं (verb in the 2nd form)। दिए गए वाक्य में, “मूवी की शुरुआत” पहली घटना है और “हॉल तक पहुंचना” दूसरी घटना है। इसलिए already begun का प्रयोग होगा।

Sol.53. (a) The given sentence is in the present perfect tense(have + V (3rd form of the verb)) so it will have the present perfect form of the verb(believe) and not the present continuous form(believing). Hence, ‘I believe’ will be answer./ दिया गया वाक्य present perfect tense (has/have + V (3rd form of the verb)) में है, इसलिए क्रिया V (3rd form of the verb) में होगी। इसलिए I believe you have submitted का प्रयोग होगा।

Sol.54. (d) “No sooner ___ than” is a fixed conjunction pair. Hence, ‘than we heaved’ will be answer./ “No sooner----than” एक निश्चित जोड़ी है। इसलिए “than we heaved” का प्रयोग होगा।

Sol.55. (a) “is/are + V (3rd form of the verb)” is grammatically the correct structure of the given sentence which is in passive voice. Hence, ‘is completely engrossed’ will be answer./ “Is / are + V (3rd form of the verb)” दिए गए वाक्य को लिखने का सही तरीका है जो passive voice में है। इसलिए, ‘is completely engrossed’ का प्रयोग होगा।

Sol.56. (a) The given sentence is in the present perfect tense(have + V (3rd form of the verb)) so it will have the present form of the verb(live) and not the past form(lived). However, ‘brother’ is a singular subject so it will take ‘lives’ as a singular verb. Hence, ‘who lives’ will be answer./ दिया गया वाक्य present perfect tense में है (have + V (3rd form of the verb)) का प्रयोग होगा, इसलिए इसमें क्रिया की present form (live) का प्रयोग होगा न कि simple past (lived) का प्रयोग। इसलिए, ‘who lives’ का प्रयोग होगा।

Sol.57. (c) The phrase “No less than” is grammatically the correct structure for the given sentences. Hence, ‘no less than’ will be answer./ No less than का प्रयोग होगा।

Sol.58. (c) 'Did' always takes the first form of the verb in the simple past tense. However, the first form of the verb 'wanted' is 'want'. Hence, 'did not want' will be answer./ Do/does/did के साथ क्रिया की first form का उपयोग करते हैं , इसलिए, 'did not want' का प्रयोग होगा ।

Sol.59. (c) When two actions take place in the past we use the past perfect tense (had + V (3rd form of the verb)) for the action which took place first and the simple past tense (2nd form of the verb) for the action which takes place next. In the given sentence, the cutting of the cake is the first action & reaching the party hall is the second action. Hence, 'Lucky had already' will be answer./ जब दो घटनाएं अतीत में होती हैं तो हम पहले होने वाली घटना के लिए past perfect tense {Had + verb (3rd form)} का उपयोग करते हैं । जो घटना बाद में हुई है यानी दूसरी घटना उसके लिए हम past indefinite tense का प्रयोग करते हैं (verb in the 2nd form) । दिए गए वाक्य में, "cutting of the cake" पहली घटना है और "reaching the party hall" दूसरी घटना है। इसलिए Lucky had already का प्रयोग होगा ।

Sol.60. (a) The preposition 'to' is incorrect according to the context of the sentence so it will be replaced by 'for'. Hence, 'are utilized for the overall' will be answer./ To के स्थान पर for का प्रयोग होगा । इसलिए are utilized for the overall का प्रयोग होगा ।

Sol.61. (b) 'They' should be removed from the sentence because 'who' is a relative pronoun for the main pronoun 'those', so there is no need to add an extra pronoun (they) in the same sentence. Hence, 'those who are late will not be allowed' will be answer./ 'They' वाक्य से हटा दिया जाना चाहिए क्योंकि those का प्रयोग किया जा चुका है जो की सर्वनाम है, इसलिए अतिरिक्त सर्वनाम की आवश्यकता नहीं है। । इसलिए those who are late will not be allowed का प्रयोग होगा ।

Sol.62. (a) According to the 'Subject-Verb Agreement rule', "Everyone + except/but + Singular Verb" is the correct structure for the given sentence. Hence, 'she has' will be answer./ "Subject verb agreement " के अनुसार "Everyone + except/but + Singular Verb" दिए गए वाक्य के लिए सही संरचना है। इसलिए she has का प्रयोग होगा ।

Sol.63. (c) The preposition "over" must be used with "discussion" and it will replace 'at' to make the sentence grammatically correct. Hence, 'over a cup' will be answer./ Discussion के साथ preposition over का प्रयोग होना चाहिए ,इसलिए over a cup का प्रयोग होगा ।

Sol.64. (b) In the given sentence, 'The both' should be replaced by 'Both the' to make it grammatically correct. Hence, 'both the children' will be answer./ The both के स्थान पर both the का प्रयोग होगा । इसलिए both the children का प्रयोग होगा ।

Sol.65. (d) 'Differ from' is used to imply 'unlike' (as in one thing differing from the other). However, 'Differ with' is used to imply 'disagreement' (as in differing with a point of view). In the given sentence, the employees differ with their boss on the pension policy. Hence, 'differ with their boss' will be answer./ Differ from 'का उपयोग यह दिखाने के लिए किया जाता है कि एक चीज दूसरी से अलग है।' Differ with ' का प्रयोग 'असहमति' दिखाने के लिए किया जाता है (जैसे कि किसी का दृष्टिकोण भिन्न होता है)। दिए गए वाक्य में,

कर्मचारी पेंशन नीति पर अपने बॉस से भिन्न सोच रखते हैं। इसलिए "differ with their boss" का प्रयोग होगा ।

Sol.66. (c) In the given sentence, the article 'a' should not be placed before 'such' instead it will be placed after 'such'. Hence, 'in such a cordial manner' will be answer./ दिए गए वाक्य में, 'a' का प्रयोग such के बाद होगा न की पहले , इसलिए 'in such a cordial manner' का प्रयोग होगा ।

Sol.67. (d) "The + Subject + and + Subject + Singular Verb" is grammatically the correct structure for the given sentence, so we will use 'is' in place of 'are' because the author and actor is the same person. Hence, 'is being honored' will be answer./ "The + Subject + and + Subject + Singular Verb" दिए गए वाक्य के लिए सही संरचना है। इसलिए हम are 'के स्थान पर is' का उपयोग करेंगे क्योंकि लेखक और अभिनेता एक ही व्यक्ति हैं। इसलिए "is being honoured" का प्रयोग होगा ।

Sol.68. (a) The preposition 'with' is incorrect according to the context of the given sentence. Hence, 'he married a rich heiress' will be answer./ with का प्रयोग सही नहीं है । इसलिए "he married a rich heiress" का प्रयोग होगा ।

Sol.69. (a) The given sentence is in the past tense (yesterday) so it will have a verb in its past simple form (bought). Hence, 'that I bought' will be answer./ दिया गया वाक्य past tense (yesterday) में है इसलिए bought का प्रयोग होगा । इसलिए "that I bought" का प्रयोग होगा ।

Sol.70. (a) 'Returned' itself means go back/ divert something back, so it can not be used with 'back' because it becomes a case of superfluousness (not necessary). Hence, 'but returned immediately' will be answer./ Return और back का प्रयोग एक साथ नहीं होता क्योंकि return का अर्थ है लौटना/लौटाना इत्यादि । इसलिए "but returned immediately" का प्रयोग होगा ।

Sol.71. (b) According to the "Subject-Verb Agreement rule", a singular subject takes a singular verb and a plural subject takes a plural verb. In the given question, 'information' is singular that will take 'was' as a singular verb. Hence, 'was given to me' will be answer./ "Subject verb agreement " के अनुसार, एक वचन subject के साथ एक वचन क्रिया लगती है और एक बहुवचन subject एक बहुवचन क्रिया लगती है । Information एकवचन है इसलिए was का प्रयोग होगा । "was given to me" सही होगा ।

Sol.72. (d) In the given sentence, we will use 'afraid of darkness' in place of 'afraid from' to make the sentence grammatically correct. Hence, 'of darkness' will be answer./ Afraid of darkness के स्थान पर afraid from का प्रयोग होगा ।

Sol.73. (c) The given sentence is a type of zero conditional sentence that expresses a general truth or universal facts like If heat is added, ice melts into liquid water. However, this type of sentence should be written in the simple present tense. Hence, 'it turns sour' will be answer./ दिया गया वाक्य एक प्रकार का zero conditional वाक्य है जो एक सामान्य सत्य या सार्वभौमिक तथ्य को व्यक्त करता है। इस प्रकार के वाक्य को simple present tense में लिखा जाना चाहिए। इसलिए "it turns sour" का प्रयोग होगा ।

Sol.74. (a) Did always takes the first form of the verb with it in a given sentence which is in past simple tense. Hence, 'did not go' will be answer./ हम हमेशा do/does/did के साथ क्रिया की first form का उपयोग करते हैं , इसलिए, 'did not go' का प्रयोग होगा ।

Sol.75.(d)In this given sentence, 'get' is used in a causative manner, so the verb that will follow 'get' should be in the past participle form such as we must get this post sent(past participle form) as soon as possible. Hence, 'get this post sent' will be answer./ Get के साथ verb की third form का प्रयोग होगा। इसलिए 'get this post sent' सही होगा।

Sol.76.(b)'Taste for' is used to express a person's liking or interest for a particular thing. The given question states that Sita has no interest in classical dance. Hence, 'taste for classical dance' will be answer./किसी व्यक्ति की पसंद या रुचि को व्यक्त करने के लिए 'Taste for' का उपयोग किया जाता है। दिए गए प्रश्न में कहा गया है कि सीता को शास्त्रीय नृत्य में कोई दिलचस्पी नहीं है। इसलिए taste for classical dance सही होगा।

Sol.77.(d)In the given sentence, instead of 'abroad' 'on board' should be used because 'Abroad' means in or to a foreign country or countries & 'On board' means available or situated on a ship, aircraft, or another vehicle. Hence, 'on board' will be answer./दिए गए वाक्य में, 'abroad' के बजाय 'on board' का उपयोग किया जाना चाहिए क्योंकि 'abroad' का अर्थ किसी दूसरे देश में होना। 'on board' का अर्थ जहाज, विमान या किसी अन्य वाहन पर उपस्थित होना है। इसलिए on board सही होगा।

Sol.78.(c)Otherwise can mean if not. It is used for saying that if one thing does not happen, something else (usually bad) will happen. In the given sentence, the narrator is warning someone that if he does not carry an umbrella, he will get wet. Hence, 'otherwise, you will get wet' will be answer./ Otherwise का अर्थ है वरना/ नहीं तो। इसका उपयोग यह कहने के लिए किया जाता है कि यदि एक चीज नहीं होती है, तो कुछ और (आमतौर पर बुरा) होगा। दिए गए वाक्य में, बोलने वाला व्यक्ति किसी को चेतावनी दे रहा है कि यदि वह छाता नहीं ले जाता है, तो वह गीला हो जाएगा। इसलिए, 'otherwise, you will get wet' सही होगा।

CGL 2018 MAINS

Q79.Why should always we have to wait for her to join us?

CGL Tier II 11/9/2019

- (a) for her to join her (b) Why should
(c) always we (d) have to wait

Q80.The Prime Minister holding is the important meeting to review the security and safety of doctors working in government hospitals. CGL Tier II 11/9/2019

- (a) of doctors (b) working in
(c) to review (d) holding is the

Q81.She is a great cook, has her own blog on YouTube and was followed by one lakh viewers. CGL Tier II 11/9/2019

- (a) She is (b) a great cook
(c) has her own blog (d) was followed

Q82.Last evening my friend tells me the funny joke that I have ever heard. CGL Tier II 11/9/2019

- (a) that I have (b) ever heard
(c) tells me the funny joke (d) Last evening my friend

Q83.The birth of a girl bring great joy to Neha's family.

CGL Tier II 11/9/2019

- (a) The birth (b) of a girl
(c) to Neha's family (d) bring great joy

Q84.This summer, I've met down a lot of interesting people.

CGL Tier II 11/9/2019

- (a) interesting people (b) I've met down
(c) a lot of (d) This summer

Q85.I won't be here next week as I'm going to Mumbai to a conference. CGL Tier II 11/9/2019

- (a) I won't (b) be here
(c) to a conference (d) as I'm going

Q86.I am really bored of this movie! When was it end?

CGL Tier II 11/9/2019

- (a) it end? (b) I am really bored
(c) of this movie (d) When was

Q87.I'm going to the airport to receives my friend.

CGL Tier II 11/9/2019

- (a) my friend (b) to the airport
(c) to receives (d) I'm going

Q88.Does an English examination begin at 10 o'clock?

CGL Tier II 11/9/2019

- (a) 10 o'clock? (b) English examination
(c) begin at (d) Does an

Q89.I use to going for a morning walk when I was living in Dehradun. CGL Tier II 11/9/2019

- (a) living in Dehradun (b) for a morning walk
(c) when I was (d) use to going

Q90.What shall we do on ourselves this evening?

CGL Tier II 11/9/2019

- (a) this evening (b) on ourselves
(c) What shall (d) we do

Q91.Instead of studying in home I went to my friend's house.

CGL Tier II 11/9/2019

- (a) in home (b) I went
(c) Instead of studying (d) to my friend's house.

Q92.He likes to put all the garbage into a black small bag .

CGL Tier II 11/9/2019

- (a) into a (b) all the garbage
(c) He like to put (d) black small bag

Q93.High level security arrangements were made for the forthcoming visit to a Japanese Prime Minister.

CGL Tier II 11/9/2019

- (a) security arrangements (b) were made
(c) for the forthcoming (d) visit to a

Q94.I had a hard time paying the driver as I had only hundreds rupee note. CGL Tier II 11/9/2019

- (a) paying the driver (b) only hundreds rupee note
(c) I had a hard time (d) as I had

Q95.I had to go to the doctor because I was not bear the pain in my tooth. CGL Tier II 11/9/2019

- (a) had to go (b) in my tooth
(c) to the doctor (d) was not bear

Q96.To write a poem I need a pen, a diary and also the quiet place. CGL Tier II 11/9/2019

- (a) a diary (b) To write
(c) and also the (d) I need